

# NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited and Expressed in US Dollars)

POET TECHNOLOGIES INC.

ONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION xpressed in US Dollars)		June 30, 2016	D	Audited ecember 31, 2015
Assets Current Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,759,617	\$	14,409,996
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue (Note 19) Prepaids and other current assets (Note 17) Inventories (Note 20) Non current assets held for sale (Note 18)	Ψ	828,871 358,009 493,183 35,000	Ψ	14,403,930 - 150,923 - -
Property and equipment (Note 4) Patents and licenses (Note 5) Unallocated intangibles and goodwill (Note 21)		14,474,680 9,447,400 433,642 7,775,304		14,560,919 947,107 426,813
	\$	32,131,026	\$	15,934,839
Liabilities				
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Contingent consideration payable (Notes 14 and 21)	\$	1,584,721 366,972	\$	515,421 -
		1,951,693		515,421
Deferred tax liability (Note 21)		1,491,783		-
		3,443,476		515,421
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital (Note 7(b)) Warrants (Note 8) Contributed surplus (Note 9)		99,819,411 196,200 27,626,111		81,027,171 2,013,747 25,618,159
Accumulated other comprehensive loss Deficit		(1,685,927) (97,268,245)		(2,388,987) (90,850,672)
		28,687,550		15,419,418
	\$	32,131,026	\$	15,934,839

Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND DEFICIT (Expressed in US Dollars)

( )	Three Months Ended June 30,			Ju		nths Ended ne 30,		
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenue	\$	576,741	\$	-	\$	576,741	\$	-
Cost of sales		409,965		-		409,965		-
Gross margin		166,776		-		166,776		-
Operating expenses Selling, marketing and administration (Note 16) Research and development (Note 16) Impairment loss (Notes 2, 4 and 18) Loss on disposal of property and equipment (Note 4) Investment income, including interest		3,104,681 515,665 - - (14,950)		2,022,063 916,709 - - (22,793)		5,354,164 1,185,484 63,522 16,931 (35,752)		3,457,298 1,581,313 - (37,264)
Net loss		(3,438,620)		(2,915,979)		(6,417,573)		(5,001,347)
Deficit, beginning of period Net loss	•	93,829,625) (3,438,620)	,	80,865,870) (2,915,979)	(	90,850,672) (6,417,573)	(	78,780,502) (5,001,347)
Deficit, end of period	\$(9	97,268,245)	\$(8	83,781,849)	\$(	97,268,245)	\$(	83,781,849)
Basic and diluted net loss per share (Note 10)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.03)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in US Dollars)						
		lonths Ended une 30,	•	onths Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Net loss	\$ (3,438,620)	\$ (2,915,979)	\$ (6,417,573)	\$ (5,001,347)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) - net of income taxes Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	32,920	222,649	703,060	(581,653)		
Comprehensive loss	\$ (3,405,700)	\$ (2,693,330)	\$ (5,714,513)	\$ (5,583,000)		

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Expressed in US Dollars)

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2016	2015
Share Capital Beginning balance Funds from the exercise of warrants and compensation warrants Fair value of warrants and compensation warrants exercised Funds from the exercise of stock options Fair value assigned to stock options exercised Commons shares issued on business acquisitions Common shares issued to settle liabilities	\$ 81,027,171 \$ 1,756,375 706,772 1,185,600 1,249,864 12,050,000 1,843,629	61,688,953 7,439,038 3,388,175 252,129 260,814
June 30,	99,819,411	73,029,109
Warrants Beginning balance Fair value of warrants and compensation warrants exercised Fair value of expired warrants	2,013,747 (706,772) (1,110,775)	6,458,659 (3,388,175)
June 30,	196,200	3,070,484
Contributed Surplus  Beginning balance Stock-based compensation Fair value of stock options exercised Fair value of expired warrants	25,618,159 2,147,041 (1,249,864) 1,110,775	23,616,664 1,704,656 (260,814)
June 30,	27,626,111	25,060,506
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Beginning balance Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common shareholders - translation adjustment	(2,388,987) 703,060	(584,552) (581,653)
June 30,	(1,685,927)	(1,166,205)
Deficit Beginning balance Net loss	(90,850,672) (6,417,573)	(78,780,502) (5,001,347)
June 30,	(97,268,245)	(83,781,849)
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 28,687,550 \$	16,212,045

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in US Dollars) For the Six Months Ended June 30,

2016 2015 CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY: **OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ (6,417,573)** \$ (5,001,347) Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment (Note 4) 304,695 136,153 Amortization of patents and licenses (Note 5) 23,107 18,162 Loss on disposition of property and equipment (Note 4) 16,931 Impairment of non-current asset held for sale (Notes 2 and 18) 63.522 1,704,656 Stock-based compensation (Note 9) 2,147,041 (3,862,277)(3,142,376)Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue (459,962)Prepaid and other current assets (12,221)107,839 Inventory (80,493)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (253,426)62,752 Cash flows from operating activities (4,668,379)(2,971,785)**INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Cash proceeds from acquisitions 18.791 Proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment (Note 4) 2,195 Purchase of property and equipment (Note 4) (118,085)(28,424)Purchase of patents and licenses (Note 5) (29,936)(121,050)Cash flows from investing activities (149,474)(127,035)FINANCING ACTIVITIES Advances made prior to acquisition (Note 21) (500,000)Issue of common shares for cash, net of issue costs 2,941,975 7,691,167 Cash flows from financing activities 2,441,975 7,691,167 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 703,060 (581,653)NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1,650,379)3,988,255 11,287,864 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period 14,409,996 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period **\$ 12,759,617 \$** 15,276,119

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

POET Technologies Inc. is incorporated in the Province of Ontario. POET Technologies Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") is the developer of the planar opto-electronic technology ("POET") platform semiconductor process IP for monolithic fabrication of integrated circuit devices containing both electronic and optical elements on a single die. The Company also designs, manufactures and sells photonic sensing and optical light source products. The Company's head office is located at 120 Eglinton Avenue East, Suite 1107, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M4P 1E2. These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 29, 2016.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These condensed unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below:

### **Basis of presentation**

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of POET Technologies Inc. and its subsidiaries; ODIS Inc.("ODIS"), Opel Solar Inc., BB Photonics Inc., BB Photonics UK Limited (collectively "BB Photonics") and DenseLight Semiconductors Pte. Ltd ("DenseLight"). All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

### **Business combinations**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The acquisition cost is measured at the acquisition date at the fair value of the consideration transferred, including all contingent consideration.

Subsequent changes in contingent consideration are accounted for through the condensed consolidated statements of operations and deficit and condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss in accordance with the applicable standards.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is initially measured at cost, being the difference between the fair value of the consideration transferred including the recognized amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. If the net of the amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Acquisition-related costs, other than those that are associated with the issue of debt or equity securities that the Company incurs in connection with a business combination, are expensed as incurred.

### Foreign currency translation

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars ("USD"), which is the Company's presentation currency.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in the functional currency of an entity are recognized in the statement of operations and deficit.

Assets and liabilities of entities with functional currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into the presentation currency at the period end rates of exchange, and the results of their operations are translated at average rates of exchange for the period. The resulting translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' equity. Additionally, foreign exchange gains and losses related to certain intercompany loans that are permanent in nature are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are required to be classified as one of the following: held-to-maturity; loans and receivables, fair value through profit or loss; available-for-sale or other financial liabilities.

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company designated its cash and cash equivalents as fair value through profit or loss and its accounts payable and accrued liabilities as other financial liabilities.

Fair value through profit or loss financial assets are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognized in operations. Financial assets, loans and receivables and other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive loss.

Fair value of a financial instrument is the amount of consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. The fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is the transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Subsequent to initial recognition, the fair value of a financial instrument that is quoted in active markets is based on the bid price for a financial asset held and the offer price for a financial liability. When an independent price is not available, fair value is determined by using a valuation methodology that refers to observable market data. Such a valuation technique includes comparisons with a similar financial instrument where an observable market price exists, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants. If no reliable estimate can be made, the Company measures the financial instrument at cost less impairment as a last resort.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers from the sale of products or services in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivables are classified as current (on the consolidated statements of financial position) if payment is due within one year of the reporting period date, and are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

The provision policy for doubtful accounts of the Company is based on the ageing analysis and management's ongoing evaluation of the recoverability of the outstanding receivables. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realization of these receivables, including the assessment of the creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of these customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. As at the balance sheet date, no provision was required for accounts receivable.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Inventories

Inventories consist of raw material inventories, work in process, and finished goods and are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present condition.

An assessment is made of the net realizable value of inventory at each reporting period. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. When circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of any write down previously recorded is reversed so that the new carrying amount is the lower of the cost and the revised net realizable value. Raw materials are not written down unless the goods in which they are incorporated are expected to be sold for less than cost, in which case, they are written down by reference to replacement cost of the raw materials, as this is the best indicator of net realizable value.

### Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated based on the estimated useful life of the asset using the following method and useful lives:

Machinery and equipment Straight Line, 5 years

Leasehold improvements Straight Line, 5 years or life of the lease, whichever is less

Office equipment Straight Line, 5 years

### Patents and licenses

Patents and licenses are recorded at cost and amortized on a straight line basis over 12 years. Ongoing maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

### Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed for indications of impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. An assessment is made at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss for the year. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there is an indication that there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

The Company reported an impairment loss of \$63,522 (note 18) during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company did not record an impairment loss in 2015.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Goodwill and intangible assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquired business over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired net of liabilities assumed. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses and is not amortized. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis or whenever facts or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may exceed its recoverable amount.

Definite life intangible assets acquired in business combinations and pursuant to asset purchases are recorded at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

As at the balance sheet date, goodwill and intangible assets were not clearly identified. The Company is allowed a period not exceeding one year to accurately allocate the purchase price to the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill and intangibles. The Company expects the allocation to be completed by December 31, 2016.

### **Contingent consideration**

The Company may pay future consideration related to acquisitions based upon performance measures contractually agreed at the time of purchase. Management estimates the future consideration payable based on underlying contract terms, and best estimates of the future performance of the acquiree. Depending on the future performance of the acquiree, management estimates of the amounts payable for future consideration related to acquisitions may materially differ from the consideration ultimately paid.

#### Income taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income taxes are provided on differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities and on income tax losses available to be carried forward to future years for tax purposes. Deferred income taxes are measured using the substantively enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are provided to reduce deferred income tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

### Revenue recognition

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer, there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, collection is probable and fees are fixed and determinable.

### Service revenue

Revenue from services that are of short duration is recognized when the services are completed. Revenue from services of a long-term nature is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period determined by services performed to date as a percentage of total services and the amount of revenue, stage of completion, and the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

### Interest income

Interest income on cash and cash equivalents classified as fair value through profit or loss is recognized as earned using the effective interest method.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed in the year incurred. Development costs are also expensed in the year incurred unless the Company believes a development project meets IFRS criteria as set out in IAS 38, *Intangible Assets*, for deferral and amortization. IAS 38 requires all research costs be charged to expense while development costs are capitalised only after technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use have been established. This means that the entity must intend and be able to complete the intangible asset and either use it or sell it and be able to demonstrate how the asset will generate future economic benefits. Although the Company meets the criteria for the deferral of development costs since its acquisition of DenseLight, no such costs were incurred during the interm period, therefore no deferred costs have been recognized at the balance sheet date.

### Stock-based compensation

Stock options and warrants awarded to non employees are accounted for using the fair value of the instrument awarded or service provided whichever is considered more reliable. Stock options and warrants awarded to employees are accounted for using the fair value method. The fair value of such stock options and warrants granted is recognized as an expense on a proportionate basis consistent with the vesting features of each tranche of the grant. The fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with assumptions applicable at the date of grant.

### Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period after giving effect to potentially dilutive financial instruments. The dilutive effect of stock options and warrants is determined using the treasury stock method.

### 3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following is a summary of recent accounting pronouncements that may affect the Company:

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15"). The IASB issued IFRS 15, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time and over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16") sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, the customer (lessee) and the supplier (lessor). This will replace IAS 17, Leases ("IAS 17") and related Interpretations. IFRS 16 provides revised guidance on identifying a lease and for separating lease and non-lease components of acontract. IFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model for all lessees and requires a lessee to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with terms of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value, and depreciation of lease assets separately from interest on lease liabilities in the income statement. Under IFRS 16, lessor accounting for operating and finance leases will remain substantially unchanged. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

			achinery and equipment	Office equipment	Total
Cost Balance, January 1, 2015 Additions Reclassification/	\$ 3,152 \$ 7,024 (10,176)	- \$ 5,896 10,176	1,273,922 \$ 126,181 -	56,406 \$ 25,285 -	1,333,480 164,386 -
Balance, December 31, 2015 Additions (disposals) (1) (Note 21) Reclassification/impairment (2)	- - -	16,072 649,441 -	1,400,103 8,153,094 (98,522)	81,691 92,295 -	1,497,866 8,894,830 (98,522)
Balance,June 30, 2016	-	665,513	9,454,675	173,986	10,294,174
Accumulated Depreciation Balance, January 1, 2015 Depreciation for the year	-	3,104	265,008 258,190	9,612 14,845	274,620 276,139
Balance, December 31, 2015 Depreciation for the period Disposals (1)	- - -	3,104 11,091 (3,104)	523,198 283,464 -	24,457 10,140 (5,576)	550,759 304,695 (8,680)
Balance, June 30, 2016	-	11,091	806,662	29,021	846,774
Carrying Amounts At December 31, 2015	\$ - \$	12,968 \$	876,905 \$	57,234 \$	947,107
At June 30, 2016	\$ - \$	654,422 \$	8,648,013 \$	144,965 \$	9,447,400

<sup>(1)</sup> During the period, the Company reduced its operations in Toronto. The Company disposed of some of \$27,806 of its property and equipment for proceeds of \$2,195 and recorded a loss on the disposal of property and equipment of \$16,931. The Company also added \$183,732 of new equipment, however, only \$85,210 was purchased during the period. \$98,522 was purchased in 2015 but was classified as a prepaid deposit as it was not placed in use at December 31, 2015. Through the acquisition of DenseLight and BB Photonics, the Company acquired \$8,706,029 of leaseholds improvements, machinery and office equipment

### 5. PATENTS AND LICENSES

Cost Balance, January 1, 2015 Additions	\$ 327,435 200,814	
	209,814	
Balance, December 31, 2015 Additions	537,249 29,936	
Balance, June 30, 2016	567,185	
Accumulated Depreciation Balance, January 1, 2015 Amortization	66,714 43,722	
Balance, December 31, 2015 Amortization	110,436 23,107	
Balance, June 30, 2016	133,543	
Carrying Amounts At December 31, 2015	\$ 426,813	
At June 30, 2016	\$ 433,642	

<sup>(2) \$35,000</sup> was reclassified to non-current assets held for sale and \$63,522 was recorded as an impairment loss on the consolidated statements of operations and deficit.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015
Trade payable Payroll related liabilities Accrued liabilities	\$ 653,148 839,179 92,394		337,564 104,788 73,069
	\$ 1,584,721	\$	515,421

Payroll related liabilities at June 30, 2016 includes \$550,000 of bonus payable.

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL

### (a) AUTHORIZED

Unlimited number of common shares

One special voting share

### (b) COMMON SHARES ISSUED

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2015	166,578,084 \$	61,688,953
Shares issued on the exercise of stock options	8,106,300	2,703,436
Fair value of stock options exercised	-	2,816,625
Shares issued on the exercise of warrants and compensation warrants	22,413,431	9,373,245
Fair value of warrants and compensation warrants exercised	-	4,444,912
Balance, December 31, 2015	197,097,815	81,027,171
Shares issued to settle subsidiary accounts payable	2,386,386	1,843,629
Shares issued on business combination	15,607,240	12,050,000
Shares issued on the exercise of stock options	3,843,000	1,185,600
Fair value of stock options exercised	-	1,249,864
Shares issued on the exercise of warrants and compensation warrants	2,729,987	1,756,375
Fair value of warrants exercised	-	706,772
Balance, June 30, 2016	221,664,428 \$	99,819,411

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 8. WARRANTS

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants:

	Average Exercise Price		Number of Warrants	-	Historical Fair value
Balance, January 1, 2015 Warrants and compensation warrants exercised	\$	0.61 0.42	30,782,664 (22,413,431)		6,458,659 (4,444,912)
Balance, December 31, 2015 Warrants and compensation warrants exercised Expired		0.79 0.64 0.91	8,369,233 (2,729,987) (4,566,235)		2,013,747 (706,772) (1,110,775)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$	0.22	1,073,011	\$	196,200

As at June 30, 2016 the following warrants were outstanding:

	Number of Warrants	Historical Fair Value (\$)	Historical Exercise Price (\$) Expiry Date
Compensation warrants	8,000	1,325	0.22 July 31, 2016
Compensation warrants	33,111	5,998	0.22 September 7, 2016
Compensation warrants	536,900	98,681	0.22 September 13, 2016
Compensation warrants	495,000	90,196	0.22 September 27, 2016
	1,073,011	196,200	0.22

These warrants were issued in Canadian dollars and are exercisable at a price of \$0.23 CAD.

#### 9. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

### **Stock Options**

On June 12, 2015, shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the Company's fixed 20% stock option plan (as amended, referred to as the "2015 Plan"). Under the 2015 Plan, the board of directors may grant options to acquire common shares of the Company to qualified directors, officers, employees and consultants. The 2015 Plan provides that the number of common shares issuable pursuant to options granted under the 2015 Plan and pursuant to other previously granted options is limited to 36,326,000 (the "Number Reserved"). Any subsequent increase in the Number Reserved must be approved by shareholders of the Company and cannot, at the time of the increase, exceed 20% of the number of issued and outstanding shares. The stock options vest in accordance with the policies determined by the Board of Directors from time to time consistent with the provisions of the 2015 Plan which grants discretion to the Board of Directors.

### 9. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding were as follows:

	Weig Number of Options	hted average Exercise Price
Balance, January 1, 2015 Expired/cancelled Exercised Granted	24,237,800 \$ (1,068,000) (8,106,300) 11,655,000	0.61 1.13 0.43 1.19
Balance, December 31, 2015 Expired/cancelled Exercised Granted	26,718,500 (540,000) (3,843,000) 300,000	0.89 1.07 0.33 0.74
Balance, June 30, 2016	22,635,500 \$	0.98

During the period ended June 30, 2016, the Company granted 300,000 (2015 - 10,340,000) stock options to officers, employees and consultants of the Company to purchase common shares at an average price of \$0.74 (2015 - \$1.21) per share.

During the period ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$2,147,041 (2015 - \$1,704,656) relating to stock options that vested during the period.

The stock options granted were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Weighted average exercise price	\$0.74	\$1.21
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	1.29%	1.02%
Weighted average dividend yield	0%	0%
Weighted average volatility	105.7%	102.5%
Weighted average estimated life	10 years	5 years
Share price on the various grant dates were:		
First grant	\$ 0.75	\$ 1.31
Second grant	0.74	1.59
Third grant	-	1.33
Fourth grant	-	1.14
Fifth grant	-	1.13
Sixth grant	-	1.25

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to the Company's historical share price movements, its dividend policy and dividend yield and past experience relating to the expected life of granted stock options.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 9. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

The weighted average remaining contractual life and weighted average exercise price of options outstanding and of options exercisable as at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Options O	utst	anding	Options Exercisable					
Exercise Range	Averaç Exercise Number Exercis		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price			
\$0.11 - \$0.25 \$0.28 - \$0.31 \$0.34 - \$0.37 \$0.38 - \$0.86 \$0.87 - \$1.64	1,770,000 487,500 50,000 4,451,000 15,877,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	0.23 0.28 0.33 0.46 1.21	1.78 1.67 4.38 2.12 4.07	1,770,000 487,500 50,000 4,426,000 6,986,892	\$ \$ \$ \$	0.23 0.28 0.33 0.46 1.15		
	22,635,500	\$	0.98	3.20	13,720,392	\$	0.77		

### **Contributed Surplus**

The following table reflects the continuity of contributed surplus:

	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 23,616,664
Stock-based compensation	4,818,120
Fair value of stock options exercised	(2,816,625)
Balance, December 31, 2015	25,618,159
Stock-based compensation	2,147,041
Fair value of stock options exercised	(1,249,864)
Fair value of expired warrants	1,110,775
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 27,626,111

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 10. LOSS PER SHARE

		Three Mo Ju 2016	nths ne 3		Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015			
Numerator Net loss	\$	(3,438,620)	\$	(2,915,979) \$	(6,417,573) \$	(5,001,347)		
Denominator Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	2	210,573,557		180,201,853	204,824,103	176,809,323		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	2	210,573,557		180,201,853	204,824,103	176,809,323		
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.02) \$	(0.03) \$	(0.03)		

The effect of common share purchase options, warrants, compensation warrants and shares to be issued on the net loss in 2016 and 2015 is not reflected as they are anti-dilutive.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has three facilities; head office located in Toronto, Canada, development operations located in San Jose, California and operating facilities located in Singapore. The Company has an operating lease for development operations expiring January 31, 2017. As at June 30, 2016, the Company's head office and operating facility were on month to month lease terms. The operating facility renewed its lease subsequent to June 30, 2016.

Rent expense under these leases was \$61,915 and \$128,781 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 (2015 - \$39,987 and \$80,578).

Remaining minimum annual rental payments to the lease expiration date is as follows:

January 31, 2017 \$ 63,343

### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation to key management personnel were as follows:

	Three Montl June			s Ended e 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Salaries Share-based payments (1)	\$ 1,171,333 \$ 775,842	428,849 327,993	\$ 1,725,623 1,684,305	\$	801,023 830,364
Total	\$ 1,947,175 \$	756,842	\$ 3,409,928	\$	1,631,387

<sup>(1)</sup> Share-based payments are the fair value of options granted to key management personnel and expensed during the various periods as calculated using the Black-Scholes model.

The Company paid or accrued \$28,996 and \$56,333 in fees and disbursements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 (2015 - \$32,243 and \$85,227) to a law firm, of which a director is counsel, for legal services rendered to the Company.

All transactions with related parties have occurred in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amounts, which are the amounts of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in a single segment; the design, manufacture and sale of semi-conductor products and services for military and commercial applications. The Company's operating and reporting segment reflects the management reporting structure of the organization and the manner in which the chief operating decision maker regularly assesses information for decision making purposes, including the allocation of resources. A summary of the Company's operations is below:

### **ODIS**

Odis is the developer of the POET platform semiconductor process IP for monolithic fabrication of integrated circuit devices containing both electronic and optical elements on a single die.

### **BB Photonics**

BB Photonics develops photonic integrated components for the datacenter market utilizing embedded dielectric technology that is intended to enable onchip athermal wavelength control and lower the total solution cost of datacenter photonic integrated circuits.

### **DenseLight**

DenseLight designs, manufactures, and delivers photonic optical light source products and solutions to the communications, medical, instrumentations, industrial, defense, and security industries. DenseLight processes III-V based optoelectronic devices and photonic integrated circuits through its in-house wafer fabrication and assembly & test facilities.

On a consolidated basis, the Company operates geographically in Singapore, the United States and Canada. Geographical information is as follows:

2016

As of June 30,		Singapore	US	Canada	Consolidated			
Current assets Non current assets held for sale Property and equipment Patents and licenses Unallocated intangibles and	\$	2,174,203 - 8,486,817 -	\$ 5,176,808 35,000 957,395 433,642	\$ 7,088,669 - 3,188 -	\$	14,439,680 35,000 9,447,400 433,642		
goodwill		7,775,304	-	-		7,775,304		
Total Assets	\$	18,436,324	\$ 6,602,845	\$ 7,091,857	\$	32,131,026		

For the six months ended June 30,		Singapore	us		Canada	Consolidated		
Sales	\$	576,741	\$	-	\$ -	\$	576,741	
Cost of sales		409,965		-	-		409,965	
Selling, marketing and								
administration		496,141		4,140,642	717,381		5,354,164	
Research and development		18,379		1,167,105	-		1,185,484	
Impairment loss		-		63,522	-		63,522	
Loss on disposal of property								
and equipment		-		-	16,931		16,931	
Investment income		-		-	(35,752)		(35,752)	
Net Loss	\$	347,744	\$	5,371,269	\$ 698,560	\$	6,417,573	

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

2015

As of December 31,	:	Singapore	US	Canada		Consolidated
Current assets Property and equipment Patents and licenses	\$	- - -	\$ 3,055,947 924,443 426,813	\$	11,504,972 22,664 -	\$ 14,560,919 947,107 426,813
Total Assets	\$	-	\$ 4,407,203	\$	11,527,636	\$ 15,934,839

For the six months ended June 30,		Singapore	US	Canada	Consolidated
General and administration Research and development Other income	\$	- - -	\$ 2,844,107 1,581,313 -	\$ 613,191 - (37,264)	\$ 3,457,298 1,581,313 (37,264)
Net Loss	\$	-	\$ 4,425,420	\$ 575,927	\$ 5,001,347

Note: Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, non current assets held for sale, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and contingent consideration payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest risk arising from these financial instruments. The Company estimates that the fair value of these instruments approximates fair value due to their short term nature.

The Company has classified financial assets and (liabilities) as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>June 30,</b> Dec <b>2016</b>	cember 31, 2015
Fair value through profit or loss, measured at fair value:		
Cash	\$ 12,759,617 \$	14,409,996
Contingent consideration payable	(366,972)	-
Loans and receivable, measured at amortized cost:	000 074	
Accounts receivable  Available-for-sale, measured at fair value:	828,871	-
Non current assets held for sale	35,000	_
Other liabilities, measured at amortized cost:	33,000	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,584,721)	(515,421)

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the balance sheet are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) observed in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - valuation techniques based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents were determined using level 1 inputs.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The contingent consideration payable related to acquisitions is a financial instrument carried at fair value and is measured at fair value through profit or loss. The contingent consideration payable arose on the acquisition of DenseLight. The purchase and sale agreement provides for an additional \$1,000,000 worth of shares to be issued to the sellers should gross revenue from DenseLight exceed certain targets for 2016.

The fair value of the contingent consideration payable is determined by estimating the probability of the Company making that future payment and then discounting it to present value using a discount rate of 9% being the estimated cost of debt for the Company. A final assessment of the purchase price may yield a different valuation.

### **Credit Risk**

The Company is exposed to credit risk associated with its accounts receivable. The Company has accounts receivable from both governmental and non-governmental agencies. Credit risk is minimized substantially by ensuring the credit worthiness of the entities with which it carries on business. Credit terms are provided on a case by case basis. The Company has not experienced any significant instances of non-payment from its customers.

The Company's accounts receivable aging was as follows:

. ,	0 0	June 30 201	•	ecember 31, 2015
Current		\$ 405	,560 (	-
31 - 60 days			885	-
61 - 90 days		69	,033	-
> 90 days		7	,341	-
Unbilled receivables		296	,052	-

The Company has accounts receivable from one governmental agency representing 59% of total accounts receivable, 60% of which is unbilled at June 30, 2016. The billed portion is current.

### **Exchange Rate Risk**

The functional currency of each of the entities included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements is the local currency where the entity is domiciled. Functional currencies include the US, Singapore and Canadian dollar. Most transactions within the entities are conducted in functional currencies. As such, none of the entities included in the consolidated financial statements engage in hedging activities. The Company is exposed to a foreign currency risk with the Canadian and Singapore dollar. A 10% change in the Canadian and Singapore dollar would increase or decrease other comprehensive loss by \$961,346.

### **Liquidity Risk**

The Company currently does not maintain credit facilities. The Company's existing cash and cash resources are considered sufficient to fund operating and investing activities beyond one year from the issuance of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

In the management of capital, the Company includes shareholders' equity (excluding accumulated other comprehensive loss and deficit) and cash. The components of capital on June 30, 2016 were:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 12,759,617 Shareholders' equity \$127,641,722

The Company's objective in managing capital is to ensure that financial flexibility is present to increase shareholder value through growth and responding to changes in economic and/or market conditions; to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business and to safeguard the Company's ability to obtain financing should the need arise.

In maintaining its capital, the Company has a strict investment policy which includes investing its surplus capital only in highly liquid, highly rated financial instruments.

The Company reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

### 16. EXPENSES

Research and development costs can be analysed as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Montl		nded
		2016		2015	;	2016		2015
Wages and benefits	\$	192,094	\$	377,135	\$	451,296	\$	704,895
Subcontract fees		204,288		281,569		424,816		466,958
Stock-based compensation		78,066		200,977		217,416		300,979
Supplies		41,217		57,028		91,956		108,481
	\$	515,665	\$	916,709	\$	1,185,484	\$ 1	,581,313
Selling, marketing and administration of Stock-based compensation Wages and benefits General expenses Management and consulting fees Professional fees Depreciation and amortization Rent	<b>\$</b> 1	809,924 1,192,887 350,059 172,401 272,287 239,958 67,165	as f	909,781 269,015 214,325 168,700 353,892 79,587 26,763		1,929,625 1,676,056 535,128 330,206 412,487 327,802 142,860	\$ 1	,403,677 467,980 533,899 349,314 476,608 154,315 71,505
	\$ 3					5,354,164		

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 17. PREPAIDS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

The following table reflects the details of prepaids and other current assets:

	June 30, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015
Sales tax recoverable and other Security deposits Equipment deposit	\$ 105,009 253,000 -	\$	52,401 - 98,522
	\$ 358,009	\$	150,923

### 18. NON CURRENT ASSET HELD FOR SALE

During the period ended June 30, 2016, the Company reclassified \$98,522 from prepaids and other current assets to property and equipment. During the period management determined that the equipment would not be used to generate future cash flows and committed to a plan to dispose of the equipment by June 30, 2016.

Management used a market approach to determine the equipment's fair value less cost of sell. Key assumptions included the cost of similar assets, the impact of customization and unique use. The fair value less cost to sell was determined to be \$35,000 which is greater than its value in use. The Company recorded an impairment loss of \$63,522 on the equipment and reclassified \$35,000 from property and equipment to non current assets held for sale. The equipment was sold subsequent to the balance sheet date.

### 19. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The carrying amounts of accounts receivable approximate their fair value and are originally denominated in the following currencies before conversion to US dollars below::

		June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Product sales	United States dollar	\$ 140,510	\$ -
Product sales	Singapore dollar	198,309	-
Billed project revenue	Singapore dollar	194,000	-
Unbilled project revenue Singapore dollar	296,052	-	
	\$ 828,871	\$ -	

The Company has one long term project based service contract in which it recognizes revenue when certain milestones have been reached. The customer is not necessarily invoiced at the time a milestone is reached. As at June 30, 2016, billed but uncollected receivable relating to this project was \$194,000. There was \$296,052 relating to unbilled milestones that were attained.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

INVENTORY	June 30, 2016		ember 31, 2015
Raw materials	\$ 233,33	32 \$	-
Finished goods	160,82		-
Work in process	99,02		-
	\$ 493,11	3 \$	-

Finished goods include a fair value write up of \$119,418 due to the fair value adjustment applicable to finished goods inventory on the acquisition of DenseLight.

### 21. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

### DenseLight

On May 11, 2016, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of DenseLight, a designer, manufacturer and provider of photonic sensing and optical light source products for consideration of \$10,500,000. The all stock purchase was accomplished with the issuance of 13,611,150 common share of the Company at a price of \$0.7714 per share. The Company also committed to issuing shares representing \$1,000,000 to the sellers in the event that DenseLight meets or exceeds a predetermined revenue target during calendar 2016.

This acquisition provides the Company with direct and preferred access to a fab infrastructure for future product development, access to product sales and channel distribution networks and a broader product portfolio of photonic products, technology and know-how.

Upon closing the acquisition, the Company negotiated a settlement agreement relating to obligations that were due to past or current employees of DenseLight. As part of the settlement agreement, the Company issued 1,738,236 common shares at a price of \$0.7714 per share for a total of \$1,343,629. The Company also paid \$240,266 to current and past employees as part of the debt settlement. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$289,179 still due to past and current employees that will be paid over the next 11 months.

The Company also settled a loan of \$500,000 owing to EDB Investments Pte. Ltd., an investor in DenseLight, with the issuance of 648,150 shares at a price of 0.771 per share.

Former management shareholders of DenseLight agreed not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of the the shares of the Company for a period of six months, at which time they may each sell up to 25% of their shares. They may sell an additional 25% of the shares after twelve months. Thereafter, all management shareholders shall be able to sell the remaining shares after 24 months from closing. Former non-management shareholders of DenseLight agreed not to sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of the shares they received for six months, at which time such they may sell up to 25% of the shares received. Thereafter, they may sell the remaining shares after 12 months from closing.

On acquisition, DenseLight held accounts receivable and unbilled revenue in the amount of \$366,630 which reflected their fair value. The Company does not expect that there will be any contractual cash flows that may not be realized.

The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs of \$197,284 were expensed in the period and included in selling, marketing and administrative expenses.

A final assessment of the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired has not yet been completed. A provisional assessment of the purchase price allocation has been determined as follows:

### 21. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

### Fair value of consideration paid

Fair value of 13,611,150 shares issued Contingent consideration payable (Note 14)	\$10,500,000 366,972				
Total consideration	\$10,866,972				
Recognised amounts of identifiable net assets:					
Cash	\$ 2 971				

Cash	\$ 2,971
Accounts receivables and unbilled revenue	368,910
Prepaid and other current assets	293,386
Inventory	412,690
Property and equipment	8,635,650
Unallocated intangibles and goodwill	6,303,585
Trade payables	(2,658,437)
Loans and advances	(1,000,000)
Deferred tax liability	(1,491,783)
Net assets acquired	\$10,866,972

Loans and advances include \$500,000 that was advanced to DenseLight by the Company prior to its acquisition. This advance was used by DenseLight for working capital.

From the date of acquisition, DenseLight contributed \$576,741 to consolidated revenues and \$347,744 to consolidated net loss. Had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016, the Company estimates that DenseLight's contribution to consolidated revenue would have been \$1,037,882 and would have contributed net income of \$329,240. In determining these amounts, the Company assumed that the preliminary fair value adjustments that arose on the acquisition date would have been the same had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016.

### **BB Photonics**

On June 22, 2016, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of BB Photonics, a designer of integrated photonic solutions for the data communications market for consideration of \$1,550,000. The all stock purchase was accomplished with the issuance of 1,996,090 common share of the Company at a price of \$0.777 per share.

The acquisition of BB Photonics provides the Company with additional differentiated intellectual property and know-how for product development which will enable the Company to better service its first identified commercialization market, the end-to-end data communications market, and augment its sensing roadmap.

The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs of \$59,930 were expensed in the period and included in selling, marketing and administrative expenses.

A final assessment of the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired has not yet been completed. A provisional assessment of the purchase price allocation has been determined as follows:

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

### 21. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

### Fair value of consideration paid

Fair value of 1,996,090 shares issued \$ 1,550,000

### Recognised amounts of identifiable net assets:

Cash	\$ 15,820
Property and equipment	70,379
Unallocated intangibles and goodwill	1,471,719
Trade payables	(7,918)

Net assets acquired \$ 1,550,000

From the date of acquisition, BB Photonics contributed nil to consolidated revenues and \$6,688 to consolidated net loss. Had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016, the Company estimates that BB Photonics' contribution to consolidated revenue would have been nil and it would have contributed net loss of \$97,699. In determining these amounts, the Company assumed that the preliminary fair value adjustments that arose on the acquisition date would have been the same had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016.

### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 7, 2016, shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the Company's fixed 20% stock option plan (as amended, referred to as the "2016 Plan"). Under the 2016 Plan, the board of directors may grant options to acquire common shares of the Company to qualified directors, officers, employees and consultants. The 2016 Plan provides that the number of common shares issuable pursuant to options granted under the 2016 Plan and pursuant to other previously granted options is limited to 44,352,885 (the "Number Reserved"). Any subsequent increase in the Number Reserved must be approved by shareholders of the Company and cannot, at the time of the increase, exceed 20% of the number of issued and outstanding shares. The stock options vest in accordance with the policies determined by the Board of Directors from time to time consistent with the provisions of the 2016 Plan which grants discretion to the Board of Directors.